## LEGISLATIVE BILL 902

Approved by the Governor April 16, 2008

Introduced by Pankonin, 2.

FOR AN ACT relating to the Uniform Controlled Substances Act; to amend section 28-410, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement, 2006, and section 28-405, Revised Statutes Supplement, 2007; to change provisions relating to controlled substances; to provide operative dates; and to repeal the original sections.

Be it enacted by the people of the State of Nebraska,

Section 1. Section 28-405, Revised Statutes Supplement, 2007, is amended to read:

28-405 The following are the schedules of controlled substances referred to in the Uniform Controlled Substances Act: Schedule I

(a) Any of the following opiates, including their isomers, esters, ethers, salts, and salts of isomers, esters, and ethers, unless specifically excepted, whenever the existence of such isomers, esters, ethers, and salts is possible within the specific chemical designation:

- (1) Acetylmethadol;
- (2) Allylprodine;

(3) Alphacetylmethadol, except levo-alphacetylmethadol which is also known as levo-alpha-acetylmethadol, levomethadyl acetate, and LAAM;

- (4) Alphameprodine;
- (5) Alphamethadol;
- (6) Benzethidine;
- (7) Betacetylmethadol;
- (8) Betameprodine;
- (9) Betamethadol;
- (10) Betaprodine;
- (11) Clonitazene;
- (12) Dextromoramide;
- (13) Difenoxin;
- (14) Diampromide;
- (15) Diethylthiambutene;
- (16) Dimenoxadol;
- (17) Dimepheptanol;
- (18) Dimethylthiambutene;
- (19) Dioxaphetyl butyrate;
- (20) Dipipanone;
- (21) Ethylmethylthiambutene;
- (22) Etonitazene;
- (23) Etoxeridine;
- (24) Furethidine;
- (25) Hydroxypethidine;
- (26) Ketobemidone;
- (27) Levomoramide;
- (28) Levophenacylmorphan;
- (29) Morpheridine;
- (30) Noracymethadol;
- (31) Norlevorphanol;
- (32) Normethadone;
- (33) Norpipanone;
- (34) Phenadoxone;
- (35) Phenampromide;
- (36) Phenomorphan;
- (37) Phenoperidine;
- (38) Piritramide;
- (39) Proheptazine;
- (40) Properidine;
- (41) Propiram;
- (42) Racemoramide;
- (43) Trimeperidine;
- (44)

Alpha-methylfentanyl, propionanilide,

3-Methvlfentanvl,

N-(1-(alpha-methyl-beta-phenyl)ethyl-4-piperidyl)
1-(1-methyl-2-phenylethyl)-4-(N-propanilido) piperidine;
(45) Tilidine;

(46)

N-(3-methyl-1-(2-phenylethyl)-4-piperidyl)-N-phenylpropanamide, its optical

and geometric isomers, salts, and salts of isomers; (47) 1-methyl-4-phenyl-4-propionoxypiperidine (MPPP), its optical isomers, salts, and salts of isomers; (48) PEPAP (1-(2-phenethyl)-4-phenyl-4-acetoxypiperidine), its optical isomers, salts, and salts of isomers; (49) Acetyl-alpha-methylfentanyl (N-(1-(1-methyl-2-phenethyl)-4-piperidinyl)-N-phenylacetamide), its optical isomers, salts, and salts of isomers; (50) Alpha-methylthiofentanyl (N-(1-methyl-2-(2-thienyl)ethyl-4-piperidinyl)-N-phenylpropanamide), its optical isomers, salts, and salts of isomers; (51) Benzylfentanyl (N-(1-benzyl-4-piperidyl)-N-phenylpropanamide), its optical isomers, salts, and salts of isomers; (52) Beta-hydroxyfentanyl (N-(1-(2-hydroxy-2phenethyl)-4-piperidinyl)-N-phenylpropanamide), its optical isomers, salts, and salts of isomers; Beta-hydroxy-3-methylfentanyl (53) (other name: N-(1-(2-hydroxy-2-phenethyl)-3-methyl-4-piperidinyl)-Nphenylpropanamide), its optical and geometric isomers, salts, and salts of isomers; 3-methylthiofentanyl (54) (N-(3-methyl-1-(2-thienyl)ethyl-4-piperidinyl)-N-phenylpropanamide), its optical and geometric isomers, salts, and salts of isomers; (55) N-(1-(2-thienyl)methyl-4-piperidyl)-N-phenylpropanamide (thenylfentanyl), its optical isomers, salts, and salts of isomers; (56) Thiofentanvl (N-phenyl-N-(1-(2-thienyl)ethyl-4-piperidinyl)-propanamide), optical its isomers, salts, and salts of isomers; and Para-fluorofentanvl (57) (N-(4-fluorophenyl)-N-(1-(2-phenethyl)-4-piperidinyl)propanamide), its optical isomers, salts, and salts of isomers. (b) Any of the following opium derivatives, their salts, isomers, and salts of isomers, unless specifically excepted, whenever the existence of such salts, isomers, and salts of isomers is possible within the specific chemical designation: (1) Acetorphine; (2) Acetyldihydrocodeine; (3) Benzylmorphine; (4) Codeine methylbromide; (5) Codeine-N-Oxide; (6) Cyprenorphine; (7) Desomorphine; (8) Dihydromorphine; (9) Drotebanol; (10) Etorphine, except hydrochloride salt; (11) Heroin; (12) Hydromorphinol; (13) Methyldesorphine; (14) Methyldihydromorphine; (15) Morphine methylbromide; (16) Morphine methylsulfonate; (17) Morphine-N-Oxide; (18) Myrophine; (19) Nicocodeine; (20) Nicomorphine; (21) Normorphine; (22) Pholcodine; and (23) Thebacon. (c) Any material, compound, mixture, or preparation which contains any quantity of the following hallucinogenic substances, their salts, isomers, and salts of isomers, unless specifically excepted, whenever the existence of such salts, isomers, and salts of isomers is possible within the specific chemical designation, and, for purposes of this subdivision only, isomer shall include the optical, position, and geometric isomers: (1) Bufotenine. Trade and other names shall include,

to: 3-(B-Dimethylaminoethyl)-5-hydroxyindole; but are not limited 3-(2-dimethylaminoethyl)-5-indolol; N, N-dimethylserotonin; 5-hydroxy-N,N-dimethyltryptamine; and mappine; (2) Diethyltryptamine. Trade and other names shall include, but are

not limited to: N,N-diethyltryptamine; and DET;

(3) Dimethyltryptamine. Trade and other names shall include, but are not limited to: DMT;

(4) 4-bromo-2,5-dimethoxyamphetamine. Trade and other names shall include, but are not limited to: 4-bromo-2, 5-dimethoxy-a-methylphenethylamine; and 4-bromo-2,5-DMA;

(5) 4-methoxyamphetamine. Trade and other names shall include, but are not limited to: 4-methoxy-a-methyl-phenethylamine; and paramethoxyamphetamine, PMA;

(6) 4-methyl-2, 5-dimethoxyamphetamine. Trade and other names shall include, but are not limited to: 4-methyl-2,5-dimethoxy-a-methylphenethylamine; DOM; and STP;

(7) 5-methoxy-N-N, dimethyltryptamine;

(8) Ibogaine. Trade and other names shall include, but are not limited to: 7-ethyl-6,6B,7,8,9,10,12,13-octahydro-2-methoxy-6,9-methano-5H-pyrido (1',2':1,2) azepino (5,4-b) indole; and tabernanthe iboga;

(9) Lysergic acid diethylamide;

(10) Marijuana;

(11) Mescaline;

(12) Peyote. Peyote shall mean all parts of the plant presently classified botanically as Lophophora williamsii Lemaire, whether growing or not, the seeds thereof, any extract from any part of such plant, and every compound, manufacture, salts, derivative, mixture, or preparation of such plant or its seeds or extracts;

(13) Psilocybin;

(14) Psilocyn;

(15) Tetrahydrocannabinols, including, but not limited to, synthetic equivalents of the substances contained in the plant or in the resinous extractives of cannabis, sp. or synthetic substances, derivatives, and their isomers with similar chemical structure and pharmacological activity such as the following: Delta 1 cis or trans tetrahydrocannabinol and their optical isomers, excluding dronabinol in sesame oil and encapsulated in a soft gelatin capsule in a drug product approved by the federal Food and Drug Administration; Delta 6 cis or trans tetrahydrocannabinol and their optical isomers; and Delta 3,4 cis or trans tetrahydrocannabinol and its optical isomers. Since nomenclature of these substances is not internationally standardized, compounds of these structures shall be included regardless of the numerical designation of atomic positions covered;

(16) 3,4-methylenedioxy amphetamine;

(17) 5-methoxy-3,4-methylenedioxy amphetamine;

(18) 3,4,5-trimethoxy amphetamine;

(19) N-ethyl-3-piperidyl benzilate;

(20) N-methyl-3-piperidyl benzilate;

(21) Thiophene analog of phencyclidine. Trade and other names shall include, but are not limited to: 1-(1-(2-thienyl)-cyclohexyl)-piperidine; 2-thienyl analog of phencyclidine; TPCP; and TCP;

(22) 2,5-dimethoxyamphetamine. Trade and other names shall include, but are not limited to: 2,5-dimethoxy-a-methylphenethylamine; and 2,5-DMA;

(23) Hashish or concentrated cannabis;

(24) Parahexyl. Trade and other names shall include, but are not limited to: 3-Hexyl-1-hydroxy-7,8,9,10-tetrahydro-6,6, 9-trimethyl-6H-dibenzo(b,d)pyran; and synhexyl;

(25) Ethylamine analog of phencyclidine. Trade and other names shall include, but are not limited to: N-ethyl-1-phenylcyclohexylamine; (1-phenylcyclohexyl)ethylamine; N-(1-phenylcyclohexyl)ethylamine; cyclohexamine; and PCE;

(26) Pyrrolidine analog of phencyclidine. Trade and other names shall include, but are not limited to: 1-(1-phenylcyclohexyl)-pyrrolidine; PCPy; and PHP;

(27) 3,4-methylenedioxymethamphetamine (MDMA), its optical, positional, and geometric isomers, salts, and salts of isomers;

(28) 4-bromo-2,5-dimethoxyphenethylamine. Some trade or other names: 2-(4-bromo-2,5-dimethoxyphenyl)-1-aminoethane; alpha-desmethyl DOB; 2C-B; and Nexus;

(29) Alpha-ethyltryptamine. Some trade or other names: etryptamine; Monase; alpha-ethyl-lH-indole-3-ethanamine; 3-(2-aminobutyl) indole; alpha-ET; and AET;

(30) 2,5-dimethoxy-4-ethylamphet-amine; and DOET;

(31) 1-(1-(2-thienyl)cyclohexyl)pyrrolidine; and TCPy;

(32) Alpha-methyltryptamine, which is also known as AMT; and

(33) 5-Methoxy-N, N-diisopropyltryptamine, which is also known as 5-MeO-DIPT.

(d) Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another schedule, any material, compound, mixture, or preparation which contains any quantity of the following substances having a depressant effect on the central nervous system, including its salts, isomers, and salts of isomers whenever the existence of such salts, isomers, and salts of isomers is possible within the specific chemical designation:

Mecloqualone;

(2) Methaqualone; and

(3) Gamma-hydroxybutyric acid. Some other names include: GHB; gamma-hydroxybutyrate; 4-hydroxybutyrate; 4-hydroxybutanoic acid; sodium oxybate; and sodium oxybutyrate.

(e) Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another schedule, any material, compound, mixture, or preparation which contains any quantity of the following substances having a stimulant effect on the central nervous system, including its salts, isomers, and salts of isomers:

(1) Fenethylline;

(2) N-ethylamphetamine;

(3) Aminorex; aminoxaphen; 2-amino-5-phenyl-2-oxazoline; and 4,5-dihydro-5-phenyl-2-oxazolamine;

(4) Cathinone; 2-amino-1-phenyl-1-propanone; alpha-aminopropiophenone; 2-aminopropiophenone; and norephedrone;

(5) Methcathinone, its salts, optical isomers, and salts of optical isomers. Some other names: 2-(methylamino)-propiophenone; alpha-(methylamino)propiophenone; 2-(methylamino)-1-phenylpropan-1-one; alpha-N-methylaminopropiophenone; methylcathinone; monomethylpropion; ephedrone; N-methylcathinone; AL-464; AL-422; AL-463; and UR1432; (6) (+/-)cis-4-methylaminorex; and

(6) (+/-)cis-4-methylaminorex; and (+/-)cis-4,5-dihydro-4-methyl-5-phenyl-2-oxazolamine; and

(7) N,N-dimethylamphetamine; N,N-alpha-trimethyl-benzeneethanamine; and N,N-alpha-trimethylphenethylamine.

(f) Any controlled substance analogue to the extent intended for human consumption.

Schedule II

(a) Any of the following substances except those narcotic drugs listed in other schedules whether produced directly or indirectly by extraction from substances of vegetable origin, independently by means of chemical synthesis, or by combination of extraction and chemical synthesis:

(1) Opium and opiate, and any salt, compound, derivative, or preparation of opium or opiate, excluding apomorphine, buprenorphine, thebaine-derived butorphanol, dextrorphan, nalbuphine, nalmefene, naloxone, and naltrexone and their salts, but including the following:

(i) Raw opium; (ii) Opium extracts; (iii) Opium fluid; (iv) Powdered opium; (v) Granulated opium; (vi) Tincture of opium; (vii) Codeine; (viii) Ethylmorphine; (ix) Etorphine hydrochloride; (x) Hydrocodone; (xi) Hydromorphone; (xii) Metopon; (xiii) Morphine; (xiv) Oxycodone; (xv) Oxymorphone; (xvi) Oripavine; (xvi) (xvii) Thebaine; and
(xvii) (xviii) Dihydroetorphine;

(2) Any salt, compound, derivative, or preparation thereof which is chemically equivalent to or identical with any of the substances referred to in subdivision (1) of this subdivision, except that these substances shall not include the isoquinoline alkaloids of opium;

(3) Opium poppy and poppy straw;

(4) Coca leaves and any salt, compound, derivative, or preparation of coca leaves, and any salt, compound, derivative, or preparation thereof which is chemically equivalent to or identical with any of these substances, including cocaine and its salts, optical isomers, and salts of optical isomers, except that the substances shall not include decocainized coca leaves or extractions which do not contain cocaine or ecgonine; and

(5) Concentrate of poppy straw, the crude extract of poppy straw in either liquid, solid, or powder form which contains the phenanthrene alkaloids of the opium poppy.

(b) Unless specifically excepted or unless in another schedule any of the following opiates, including their isomers, esters, ethers, salts, and salts of their isomers, esters, and ethers whenever the existence of such

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isomers, esters, ethers, and salts is possible within the specific chemical designation, dextrorphan excepted: (1) Alphaprodine; (2) Anileridine; (3) Bezitramide; (4) Diphenoxylate; (5) Fentanyl; (6) Isomethadone;(7) Levomethorphan; (8) Levorphanol; (9) Metazocine; (10) Methadone; (11)Methadone-Intermediate, 4-cyano-2-dimethylamino-4,4-diphenyl butane; Moramide-intermediate, (12)2-methyl-3-morpholino-1,1-diphenylpropane-carboxylic acid; (13) Pethidine or meperidine; (14) Pethidine-Intermediate-A, 4-cyano-1-methyl-4-phenylpiperidine; (15) Pethidine-Intermediate-B, ethyl-4-phenylpiperidine-4-carboxylate; Pethidine-Intermediate-C, (16)1-methyl-4-phenylpiperidine-4-carboxylic acid; (17) Phenazocine; (18) Piminodine; (19) Racemethorphan; (20) Racemorphan; (21) Dihydrocodeine; (22) Bulk propoxyphene in nondosage forms; (23) Sufentanil; (24) Alfentanil; (25) Levo-alphacetylmethadol which is also known as levo-alpha-acetylmethadol, levomethadyl acetate, and LAAM; (26) Carfentanil; and (27) Remifentanil. (c) Any material, compound, mixture, or preparation which contains any quantity of the following substances having a potential for abuse associated with a stimulant effect on the central nervous system: (1) Amphetamine, its salts, optical isomers, and salts of its optical isomers: (2) Phenmetrazine and its salts; (3) Methamphetamine, its salts, isomers, and salts of its isomers; and (4) Methylphenidate. (d) Any material, compound, mixture, or preparation which contains any quantity of the following substances having a potential for abuse associated with a depressant effect on the central nervous system, including their salts, isomers, and salts of isomers whenever the existence of such salts, isomers, and salts of isomers is possible within the specific chemical designations: (1) Amobarbital; (2) Secobarbital; (3) Pentobarbital; (4) Phencyclidine; and (5) Glutethimide. (e) Hallucinogenic substances known as: (1) Nabilone. Another name for nabilone: (+/-)-trans-3-(1,1-dimethylheptyl)-6,6a,7,8,10,10a-hexahydro-1-hydroxy-6,6-dimethyl-9H- dibenzo(b,d)pyran-9-one. (f) Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another schedule, any material, compound, mixture, or preparation which contains any quantity of the following substances: (1) Immediate precursor to amphetamine and methamphetamine: Phenylacetone. Trade and other names shall include, but are not limited to: Phenyl-2-propanone; P2P; benzyl methyl ketone; and methyl benzyl ketone; or (2) Immediate precursors to phencyclidine, PCP: (i) 1-phenylcyclohexylamine; or (ii) 1-piperidinocyclohexanecarbonitrile, PCC. Schedule III (a) Any material, compound, mixture, or preparation which contains any quantity of the following substances having a potential for abuse

associated with a stimulant effect on the central nervous system, including their salts, isomers, whether optical, position, or geometric, and salts of such isomers whenever the existence of such salts, isomers, and salts of isomers is possible within the specific chemical designation:

- (1) Benzphetamine;
- (2) Chlorphentermine;
- (3) Clortermine; and
- (4) Phendimetrazine.

(b) Any material, compound, mixture, or preparation which contains any quantity of the following substances having a potential for abuse associated with a depressant effect on the central nervous system:

(1) Any substance which contains any quantity of a derivative of barbituric acid or any salt of a derivative of barbituric acid, except those substances which are specifically listed in other schedules of this section;

- (2) Chlorhexadol;
- (3) Lysergic acid;
- (4) Lysergic acid amide;
- (5) Methyprylon;
- (6) Sulfondiethylmethane;
- (7) Sulfonethylmethane;
- (8) Sulfonmethane;
- (9) Nalorphine;

(10) Any compound, mixture, or preparation containing amobarbital, secobarbital, pentobarbital, or any salt thereof and one or more other active medicinal ingredients which are not listed in any schedule;

(11) Any suppository dosage form containing amobarbital, secobarbital, pentobarbital, or any salt of any of these drugs and approved by the Food and Drug Administration for marketing only as a suppository;

(12) Any drug product containing gamma-hydroxybutyric acid, including its salts, isomers, and salts of isomers, for which an application is approved under section 505 of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act, 21 U.S.C. 355, as such section existed on July 20, 2002;

(13) Ketamine, its salts, isomers, and salts of isomers. Some other names for ketamine: (+/-)-2-(2-chlorophenyl)-2-(methylamino)-cyclohexanone; and

(14) Tiletamine and zolazepam or any salt thereof. Trade or other names for a tiletamine-zolazepam combination product shall include, but are not limited to: telazol. Trade or other names for tiletamine shall include, but are not limited to: 2-(ethylamino)-2-(2-thienyl)-cyclohexanone. Trade or other names for zolazepam shall include, but are not limited to: 4-(2-fluorophenyl)-6,8-dihydro-1,3,8-trimethylpyrazolo-(3,4-e) (1,4)-diazepin-7(1H)-one, and flupyrazapon.

(c) Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another schedule:

(1) Any material, compound, mixture, or preparation containing limited quantities of any of the following narcotic drugs, or any salts calculated as the free anhydrous base or alkaloid, in limited quantities as set forth below:

(i) Not more than one and eight-tenths grams of codeine per one hundred milliliters or not more than ninety milligrams per dosage unit, with an equal or greater quantity of an isoquinoline alkaloid of opium;

(ii) Not more than one and eight-tenths grams of codeine per one hundred milliliters or not more than ninety milligrams per dosage unit, with one or more active, nonnarcotic ingredients in recognized therapeutic amounts;

(iii) Not more than three hundred milligrams of dihydrocodeinone which is also known as hydrocodone per one hundred milliliters or not more than fifteen milligrams per dosage unit, with a fourfold or greater quantity of an isoquinoline alkaloid of opium;

(iv) Not more than three hundred milligrams of dihydrocodeinone which is also known as hydrocodone per one hundred milliliters or not more than fifteen milligrams per dosage unit, with one or more active, nonnarcotic ingredients in recognized therapeutic amounts;

(v) Not more than one and eight-tenths grams of dihydrocodeine per one hundred milliliters or not more than ninety milligrams per dosage unit, with one or more active, nonnarcotic ingredients in recognized therapeutic amounts;

(vi) Not more than three hundred milligrams of ethylmorphine per one hundred milliliters or not more than fifteen milligrams per dosage unit, with one or more active, nonnarcotic ingredients in recognized therapeutic amounts;

(vii) Not more than five hundred milligrams of opium per one hundred milliliters or per one hundred grams, or not more than twenty-five milligrams per dosage unit, with one or more active, nonnarcotic ingredients in recognized therapeutic amounts; and

(viii) Not more than fifty milligrams of morphine per one hundred

milliliters or per one hundred grams with one or more active, nonnarcotic ingredients in recognized therapeutic amounts; and

(2) Any material, compound, mixture, or preparation containing any of the following narcotic drug or its salts, as set forth below:

(i) Buprenorphine.

(d) Unless contained on the administration's list of exempt anabolic steroids as the list existed on June 1, 2007, any anabolic steroid, which shall include any material, compound, mixture, or preparation containing any quantity of the following substances, including its salts, isomers, and salts of isomers whenever the existence of such salts of isomers is possible within the specific chemical designation:

(1) Boldenone;

(2) Chlorotestosterone (4-chlortestosterone);

(3) Clostebol;

(4) Dehydrochlormethyltestosterone;

(5) Dihydrotestosterone (4-dihydrotestosterone);

(6) Drostanolone;

(7) Ethylestrenol;

(8) Fluoxymesterone;

- (9) Formebulone (formebolone);
- (10) Mesterolone;

(11) Methandienone;

(12) Methandranone;

(13) Methandriol;

(14) Methandrostenolone;

(15) Methenolone;

(16) Methyltestosterone;

(17) Mibolerone;

(18) Nandrolone;

(19) Norethandrolone;

(20) Oxandrolone;

- (21) Oxymesterone;
- (22) Oxymetholone;
- (23) Stanolone;
- (24) Stanozolol;
- (25) Testolactone;
- (26) Testosterone;
- (27) Trenbolone; and

(28) Any salt, ester, or isomer of a drug or substance described or listed in this subdivision if the salt, ester, or isomer promotes muscle growth.

(e) Hallucinogenic substances known as:

(1) Dronabinol, synthetic, in sesame oil and encapsulated in a soft gelatin capsule in a Food and Drug Administration approved drug product. Some other names for dronabinol are (6aR-trans)-6a,7,8,10a-tetrahydro-6,6,9-trimethyl-3-pentyl-6H-dibenzo (b,d)pyran-1-o1 or (-)-delta-9-(trans)-tetrahydrocannabinol.

Schedule IV

(a) Any material, compound, mixture, or preparation which contains any quantity of the following substances, including their salts, isomers, and salts of isomers whenever the existence of such salts, isomers, and salts of isomers is possible within the specific chemical designation:

- (1) Barbital;
- (2) Chloral betaine;

(3) Chloral hydrate;

(4) Chlordiazepoxide, but not including librax (chlordiazepoxide hydrochloride and clindinium bromide) or menrium (chlordiazepoxide and water soluble esterified estrogens);

- (5) Clonazepam;
- (6) Clorazepate;
- (7) Diazepam;
- (8) Ethchlorvynol;
- (9) Ethinamate;
- (10) Flurazepam;
- (11) Mebutamate;
- (12) Meprobamate;
- (13) Methohexital;
- (14) Methylphenobarbital;
- (15) Oxazepam;
- (16) Paraldehyde;

(17) Petrichloral;

(18) Phenobarbital;

- (19) Prazepam;
- (20) Alprazolam;
- (21) Bromazepam;
- (22) Camazepam;
- (23) Clobazam;
- (24) Clotiazepam;
- (25) Cloxazolam;
- (26) Delorazepam;
- (27) Estazolam;
- (28) Ethyl loflazepate;
- (29) Fludiazepam;
- (30) Flunitrazepam;
- (31) Halazepam;
- (32) Haloxazolam;
- (33) Ketazolam;
- (34) Loprazolam;
- (35) Lorazepam;
- (36) Lormetazepam;
- (37) Medazepam;
- (38) Nimetazepam;
- (39) Nitrazepam;
- (40) Nordiazepam;
- (41) Oxazolam;
- (42) Pinazepam;
- (43) Temazepam;
- (44) Tetrazepam; (45) Triazolam;
- (46) Midazolam;
- (47) Quazepam;
- (48) Zolpidem;
- (49) Dichloralphenazone; and
- (50) Zaleplon.

(b) Any material, compound, mixture, or preparation which contains any quantity of the following substance, including its salts, isomers, whether optical, position, or geometric, and salts of such isomers, whenever the existence of such salts, isomers, and salts of isomers is possible: Fenfluramine.

(c) Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another schedule, any material, compound, mixture, or preparation which contains any quantity of the following substances having a stimulant effect on the central nervous system, including their salts, isomers, whether optical, position, or geometric, and salts of such isomers whenever the existence of such salts, isomers, and salts of isomers is possible within the specific chemical designation:

- (1) Diethylpropion;
- (2) Phentermine;

(3) Pemoline, including organometallic complexes and chelates thereof:

- (4) Mazindol;
- (5) Pipradrol;
- (6) SPA, ((-)-1-dimethylamino- 1,2-diphenylethane);
- (7) Cathine. Another name for cathine is ((+)-norpseudoephedrine);
- (8) Fencamfamin;
- (9) Fenproporex;
- (10) Mefenorex;
- (11) Modafinil; and
- (12) Sibutramine.

(d) Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another schedule, any material, compound, mixture, or preparation which contains any quantity of the following narcotic drugs, or their salts or isomers calculated as the free anhydrous base or alkaloid, in limited quantities as set forth below:

(1) Propoxyphene in manufactured dosage forms; and

(2) Not more than one milligram of difenoxin and not less than twenty-five micrograms of atropine sulfate per dosage unit.

(e) Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another schedule, any material, compound, mixture, or preparation which contains any quantity of the following substance, including its salts: Pentazocine.

(f) Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another schedule, any material, compound, mixture, or preparation which contains any quantity of the following substance, including its salts, isomers, and salts of such isomers: Butorphanol.

(g)(1) Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another schedule, any material, compound, mixture, or preparation which contains any quantity of the following substance, including its salts, optical isomers, and salts of such optical isomers: Ephedrine.

(2) The following drug products containing ephedrine, its salts, optical isomers, and salts of such optical isomers are excepted from subdivision (g)(1) of Schedule IV if they may lawfully be sold over the counter without a prescription under the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act, as the act existed on September 1, 2001; are labeled and marketed in a manner consistent with the pertinent OTC Tentative Final or Final Monograph; are manufactured and distributed for legitimate medicinal use in a manner that reduces or eliminates the likelihood of abuse; and are not marketed, advertised, or represented in any manner for the indication of stimulation, mental alertness, euphoria, ecstasy, a buzz or high, heightened sexual performance, or increased muscle mass:

- (A) Primatene Tablets;
- (B) Bronkaid Dual Action Caplets; and
- (C) Pazo Hemorrhoidal Ointment.

(3) Food and dietary supplements described in 21 U.S.C. 321, as such section existed on September 1, 2001, containing ephedrine, including its salts, optical isomers, and salts of such optical isomers, are excepted from subdivision (g)(1) of Schedule IV if:

(A) They are labeled in a manner consistent with section 28-448 and bear the statements: "This statement has not been evaluated by the Food and Drug Administration. This product is not intended to diagnose, treat, cure, or prevent any disease.";

(B) Any dosage form of the food or dietary supplements (i) does not contain any hydrochloride or sulfate salts of ephedrine alkaloids, (ii) does not contain more than twenty-five milligrams of ephedrine alkaloids, and (iii) does not contain ephedrine alkaloids in excess of five percent of the total capsule weight;

(C) They are not marketed, advertised, or represented in any manner for the indication of stimulation, mental alertness, euphoria, ecstasy, a buzz or high, heightened sexual performance, or increased muscle mass; and

(D) Analysis of the product is provided to the department to ensure that the product meets the requirements of subdivision (g)(3)(B) of Schedule IV.

## Schedule V

(a) Any compound, mixture, or preparation containing any of the following limited quantities of narcotic drugs or salts calculated as the free anhydrous base or alkaloid, which shall include one or more nonnarcotic active medicinal ingredients in sufficient proportion to confer upon the compound, mixture, or preparation valuable medicinal qualities other than those possessed by the narcotic drug alone:

(1) Not more than two hundred milligrams of codeine per one hundred milliliters or per one hundred grams;

(2) Not more than one hundred milligrams of dihydrocodeine per one hundred milliliters or per one hundred grams;

(3) Not more than one hundred milligrams of ethylmorphine per one hundred milliliters or per one hundred grams;

(4) Not more than two and five-tenths milligrams of diphenoxylate and not less than twenty-five micrograms of atropine sulfate per dosage unit;

(5) Not more than one hundred milligrams of opium per one hundred milliliters or per one hundred grams; and

(6) Not more than five-tenths milligram of difenoxin and not less than twenty-five micrograms of atropine sulfate per dosage unit.

(b) Unless specifically exempted or excluded or unless listed in another schedule, any material, compound, mixture, or preparation which contains any quantity of the following substances having a stimulant effect on the central nervous system, including its salts, isomers, and salts of isomers: Pyrovalerone.

Sec. 2. Section 28-410, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement, 2006, is amended to read:

28-410 (1) Each registrant manufacturing, distributing, or dispensing controlled substances in Schedule I, II, III, IV, or V of section 28-405 shall keep and maintain a complete and accurate record of all stocks of such controlled substances on hand. Such records shall be maintained for five years.

(2) During odd-numbered years, Commencing January 1, 2009, each registrant manufacturing, distributing, storing, or dispensing such controlled substances shall prepare an <u>annual</u> inventory of each controlled substance in his or her possession. Such inventory shall (a) be taken within two years

after the previous biennial inventory date but in no event later than December 31, 2009, and each year thereafter be taken within one year after the previous annual inventory date, (b) contain such information as shall be required by the Board of Pharmacy, (c) be copied and such copy forwarded to the department within thirty days after completion, (d) be maintained at the location listed on the registration for a period of five years, (e) contain the name, address, and Drug Enforcement Administration number of the registrant, the date and time of day the inventory was completed, and the signature of the person responsible for taking the inventory, (f) list the exact count or measure of all controlled substances listed in Schedule Schedules I, II, III, IV, and V or II of section 28-405, and (g) list an estimated count or measure of all controlled substances listed in Schedule III, IV, or V of section 28-405 unless the container holds more than one thousand tablets, capsules, or milliliters, in which case the inventory shall list an exact count, and (h) be maintained in permanent, read-only format separating the inventory for controlled substances listed in Schedule Schedules I or and II of section 28-405 from the inventory for controlled substances listed in Schedule Schedules III, IV, or and V of section 28-405. A registrant whose inventory fails to comply with this subsection shall be guilty of a Class IV misdemeanor.

(3) This section shall not apply to practitioners who prescribe or administer, as a part of their practice, controlled substances listed in Schedule II, III, IV, or V of section 28-405 unless such practitioner regularly engages in dispensing any such drug or drugs to his or her patients.

(4) Controlled substances shall be stored in accordance with the following:

(a) All controlled substances listed in Schedule I of section 28-405 must be stored in a locked cabinet; and

(b) All controlled substances listed in Schedule II, III, IV, or V of section 28-405 must be stored in a locked cabinet or distributed throughout the inventory of noncontrolled substances in a manner which will obstruct theft or diversion of the controlled substances.

Sec. 3. Sections 2 and 4 of this act become operative on January 1, 2009. The other sections of this act become operative on their effective date.

Sec. 4. Original section 28-410, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement, 2006, is repealed.

Sec. 5. Original section 28-405, Revised Statutes Supplement, 2007, is repealed.