LEGISLATIVE BILL 444

Approved by the Governor April 27, 2017

Introduced by Walz, 15.

A BILL FOR AN ACT relating to workplace injury; to amend section 48-101.01, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement, 2016; to prohibit cities and counties from canceling health insurance coverage for injured first responders as prescribed; to change provisions relating to personal injuries to include frontline state employees under the Nebraska Workers' Compensation Act; to define terms; and to repeal the original section. Be it enacted by the people of the State of Nebraska,

Section 1. (1) No city or county offering an individual or family health insurance policy to first responders shall cancel such individual or family health insurance for any first responder who suffers serious bodily injury from an assault that occurs while the first responder is on duty and that results in the first responder falling below the minimum number of working hours needed to maintain his or her regular individual or family health insurance.

(2) The city or county shall only be obligated to provide such health

<u>insurance</u> while the first responder is employed with the city or county.

(3) A city or county may cancel such health insurance if the first responder does not return to employment within twelve months after the date of <u>injury.</u>

- (4) For purposes of this section, first responder means a sheriff, deputy sheriff, police officer, paid firefighter, or paid individual licensed under a licensure classification in subdivision (1) of section 38-1217 who provides medical care in order to prevent loss of life or aggravation of physiological or psychological illness or injury.

 Sec. 2. Section 48-101.01, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement, 2016,
- is amended to read:

48-101.01 (1) Personal injury includes mental injuries and mental illness

- unaccompanied by physical injury for an employee who is a first responder or frontline state employee if such first responder or frontline state employee:

 (a) Establishes, by a preponderance of the evidence, that the employee's employment conditions causing the mental injury or mental illness were extraordinary and unusual in comparison to the normal conditions of the
- between the mental injury or mental illness and the employment conditions by medical evidence.
- (2) For purposes of this section, mental injuries and mental illness arising out of and in the course of employment unaccompanied by physical injury are not considered compensable if they result from any event or series of events which are incidental to normal employer and employee relations, including, but not limited to, personnel actions by the employer such as disciplinary actions, work evaluations, transfers, promotions, demotions, salary reviews, or terminations.

(3) For purposes of this section: , first
 (a) First responder means a sheriff, a deputy sheriff, a police officer, an officer of the Nebraska State Patrol, a volunteer or paid firefighter, or a volunteer or paid individual licensed under a licensure classification in subdivision (1) of section 38-1217 who provides medical care in order to prevent loss of life or aggravation of physiological or psychological illness or injury; -

(b) Frontline state employee means an employee of the Department of Correctional Services or the Department of Health and Human Services whose duties involve regular and direct interaction with high-risk individuals;

- (c) High-risk individual means an individual in state custody for whom violent or physically intimidating behavior is common, including, but not <u>limited to, a committed offender as defined in section 83-170, a patient at a</u> regional center as defined in section 71-911, and a juvenile committed to the Youth Rehabilitation and Treatment Center-Kearney or the Youth Rehabilitation and Treatment Center-Geneva; and
- (d) State custody means under the charge or control of a state institution state agency and includes time spent outside of the state institution or <u>state agency.</u>
- Original section 48-101.01, Revised Statutes Cumulative Sec. 3. Supplement, 2016, is repealed.